## Problem Corner Provided by Vladimir SHELOMOVSKIY <u>vvsss@rambler.ru</u>

Russia

## Thinking Skills and Technology

Question 1 Solve the inequality  $f(x, y, z) = 2x - 3y - 2z - 11 + 5\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 11 + 4z^2} \le 0$ . Use CAS, if it is convenient.

**Question 2** Let  $f(x, y, a) = 1 - \sqrt{x^2 - 2ax + y^2 - 4y + 5}$ . The expression gets its maximum value only for a single pair (x, y). Find the range of the parameter  $a \in [-1, 1]$ .

**Question 3** Let N be the Nagel point of triangle *ABC*. Let  $T_A$ ,  $T_B$ , and  $T_C$  be the extouch points at which the *A*-excircle meets line *BC*, the *B*-excircle meets line *CA*, and *C*-excircle meets line *AB*, respectively. Let  $P_A$  be a point on  $AT_A$  such that  $AP_A = NT_A$ . Let  $P_B$  be a point on  $BT_B$  such that  $BP_B = NT_B$ . Let  $P_C$  be a point on  $CT_C$  such that  $CP_C = NT_C$ . Find the incenter of  $P_A P_B P_C$  triangle.

Note: "Nagel point" from Wikipedia:

In geometry, the Nagel point is a point associated with any triangle. Given a triangle ABC, let TA, TB, and TC be the extouch points in which the A-excircle meets line BC, the B-excircle meets line CA, and C-excircle meets line AB, respectively. The lines ATA, BTB, CTC concur in the Nagel point N of triangle ABC. The Nagel point is named after Christian Heinrich von Nagel, a nineteenth century German mathematician, who wrote about it in 1836.